

DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/  
MANAGEMENT/COMMERCIAL PRACTICE — OCTOBER, 2017

**APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS**

[Time : 3 hours

(Maximum marks : 100)

PART — A

(Maximum marks : 10)

Marks

I Answer *all* questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Define a thermodynamic system.
2. State second law of thermodynamics.
3. List different thermodynamic cycles.
4. What is brake mean effective pressure (bmep) ?
5. Define LMTD.

(5 × 2 = 10)

PART — B

(Maximum marks : 30)

II Answer any *five* of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

1. List any six thermodynamic process.
2. What is a polytropic process ? Explain in sixty words.
3. Explain the effect of compression ratio and cut-off ratio on thermal efficiency of a cycle.
4. Draw the typical heat balance sheet of an IC engine and explain salient points.
5. List the classifications of air compressor.
6. Derive an expression for the heat transfer through a plane wall.
7. Explain free convection and forced convection in sixty words.

(5 × 6 = 30)

## PART — C

(Maximum marks : 60)

(Answer *one* full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)

## UNIT — I

- III (a) Derive the relation between specific heats and gas constant. 6  
 (b) What is the mass of  $0.6 \text{ m}^3$  of oxygen when it is at a pressure of 7 bar and  $280^\circ\text{C}$  temperature? Take gas constant as  $0.26 \text{ kJ/Kg/K}$ . 9

OR

- IV (a) Derive an expression for the work done during isothermal process. 6  
 (b) 1000 liters of air at a pressure of  $800 \text{ kPa}$  is expanded to atmospheric pressure according to the law  $pV^{1.25} = \text{constant}$ . Find the work done and heat transferred during the process. Take atmospheric pressure as  $765 \text{ mm of Hg}$  and adiabatic index as 1.4. 9

## UNIT — II

- V (a) Compare the air standard efficiencies of an Otto cycle and Diesel cycle. 6  
 (b) An engine working on Carnot cycle receives heat at  $700^\circ\text{C}$  and rejects heat at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ . Find the air standard efficiency of the cycle. If it absorbs  $4000 \text{ kJ}$  of heat per minute from the hot body, calculate the work done and power of the engine. 9

OR

- VI (a) List the assumptions in thermodynamic cycles. 6  
 (b) Calculate the air standard efficiency of an engine working on Otto cycle, if the pressure at the beginning and end of the compression are 1 bar and 7 bar respectively. Take the index of compression as 1.41. 9

## UNIT — III

- VII (a) Explain with a p-v diagram, the working of multistage compressor. 6  
 (b) A 2 cylinder 4 stroke Cycle IC engine is to be designed to develop  $15 \text{ kW}$  input power at  $1200 \text{ rpm}$ . The m.e.p. of the cycle is limited to  $600 \text{ kPa}$ . Determine the bore diameter and stroke of the engine, if stroke is 1.2 times bore diameter. 9

OR

- VIII (a) Explain the different efficiencies of an engine. 6  
 (b) Describe the procedure of Morse test. 9

## UNIT — IV

- IX (a) Explain Stefan - Boltzman law of thermal radiation. 6  
 (b) Explain overall heat transfer coefficient in sixty words. 9

OR

- X (a) Derive an expression for the heat transfer through a composite wall. 6  
 (b) Explain direct contact, regenerative and recuperator type heat exchangers. 9